April 25, 2013

Declaration of the Tenth Doha Conference for Inter-faith Dialogue

We, the 300 participants from over 70 countries on six continents – Jews, Christians, Muslims among other religions – met at the Doha Ritz Carlton for the Tenth Doha Interfaith Conference from April 23 to 25, 2013. We acknowledge the generous hospitality of HH Shaikh Hamad Bin Khalifa Al-Thani and of the State and people of Qatar, and pay tribute to the organizers of the conference, the Doha International Center for Interfaith Dialogue (DICID), the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Qatar University.

In the augural session chaired by Dr. Aisha al-Mannai, Dr. Ibrahim al-Naimi, Chairman, DICID and the Minister of Justice, HE Mr. Hassan Bin Abdulla Al-Ghanim welcomed the participants and spoke for the need to make and to follow up concrete recommendations in the theme of the conference entitled ‘Best Practices in Interfaith Dialogue’.

On the occasion of tenth anniversary of the Doha Interfaith Conference, the Center decided to award the Doha International Award for Interfaith Dialogue 2013. Out of the over 150 applications from individuals and organizations from every corner of the world, the award was granted to Dr. Muhammad al-Sammak while three individuals and three organizations were also honoured for their excellence and contribution to interfaith dialogue. In a special session after the inauguration, all the award winners hailing from Lebanon, Bosnia, United States, Morocco, Canada and Turkey shared their experiences with the participants.

The Conference addressed four main themes:

1- Academic
2- Justice
3- Conflict Resolution and Peace
4- Media Culture
**Academic**

In the academic sessions, it was suggested that the search for common ground comes alongside the acknowledgement of difference and that the development of dialogical skills is not the same as development of debating skills. Teachers and families both have a crucial role in raising the youth with this interfaith spirit. Universities and general education authorities are encouraged to include interfaith education in their curricula. Researchers at higher education institutes may benefit from working closely with interfaith organizations to promote interfaith dialogue around the world.

**Justice**

The speakers in the sessions on Justice presented new and important initiatives geared towards establishing social, environmental, economic and medical justice on different levels ranging from initiatives based in one part of a city to prospective global partnerships with the United Nations for protection - among other rights - of rights of religious minorities and their sacred symbols. They stressed the importance of addressing “Institutional racism” through approaching justice as an evolving concept and serving people of all faiths. Muslims, Christians and Jews are partnering together in important ways to fight poverty, but many people are unaware of this. Such partnerships should be celebrated, so that the public will become more aware of their constructive potential. The Doha Conference for Interfaith Dialogue can play a role in promoting collective advocacy for justice in the future.

**Conflict Resolution and Peace**

All reports called for interfaith communities to continue cooperating constructively to find common ground in the creation of just societies through capacity building of religious and civic leaders for inspiring responsible male and female leadership. This can lead not only towards resolving conflicts in their own communities, but also towards rising above narrow tribal interests and contributing to resolving conflicts of other communities as well. This may bring pressure on decision makers on all sides of any
conflict. Religious leadership should also heal communities that have been hurt due to conflict by counseling forgiveness, reconciliation and psychological healing after conflicts.

**Media Culture**

With the penetration of media into our everyday lives, especially over the past decade, the power of harnessing personal stories in the public sphere has become increasingly important for promoting *symbiotic coexistence* in modern societies. One should recognize the usefulness of some technological tools when they are integrated into school teaching for raising interfaith sensibility and presenting a fair, truthful and attractive image of religions.

In response to Mr. Rashad Hussein, President Obama’s special envoy for the Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC), there was an important announcement made by Dr. Aisha al-Mannai on behalf of DICID, about the invitation from OIC to organize a follow-up meeting on UN Human Rights resolution 16/18. DICID hopes to host this meeting in the near future on the theme of “The protection of religious communities and their sacred symbols”.

DICID would also like to celebrate its continuing collaboration with its long term partner the Woolf Institute of Cambridge, United Kingdom. This year DICID we are launching a joint website promoting effective and sustainable interfaith activity. The website is called ESID.

We urge the world community to denounce strongly any form of violence and persecution against religious scholars and leaders. The conference notes with great concern the ongoing violence against civilians and places of worship in Syria especially the abduction of Metropolitan Boulos Yazigi and Metropolitan Yohanna Ibrahim both of whom had intended to take part in this conference and who have made such important contributions to interfaith dialogue in the region and beyond.